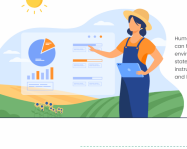


How efficient is the application of fiscal-budgetary instruments for environmental protection in the Republic of Moldova



Human behaviour and the activity of firms can have a significant impact on the environment. To limit the negative impact, the state intervenes through a series of economic instruments, including environmental taxes and budget expenditures for this sector.

What are the environmental taxes and how much money does the state collect from them?



MDL 2,5 billion (2019)

MDL 2,6 billion (2018)

Energy taxes

- Excise duties on oil products
- Excise duties on liquefied gas



MDL 2 billion (2019)

MDL 1,8 billion (2018)

Transport taxes

- Excise duties on imported vehicles
- Taxes for the use of roads
- Vignette



MDL 267,9 million (2019)

MDL 247,4 million (2018)

Pollution taxes

- Payments for environmental pollution produced by: emission of pollutants in the air from stationary sources; discharges of pollutants with wastewater in water bodies and in the sewerage system storage of production waste
- Taxes on goods which in the production process pollute the environment



MDL 44,1 million (2019)

MDL 42,8 million (2018)

Natural resource taxes

- Water tax
- Tax on the extraction of useful minerals
- Tax on standing timber
- Tax on conducting geological prospecting
- Tax on carrying out geological explorations
- Tax on use on underground areas for the construction
- Tax on the exploitation of underground structures

Are the revenues from environmental taxes high in the Republic of Moldova?



At the European level, the amount of revenues from environmental taxes in relation to GDP is different depending on the situation of the environment and the policy priorities on this dimension.



In the Republic of Moldova, in 2019 compared to 2018, the revenues from environmental taxes increased from **4,6** to about **MDL 4,9 billion**. Thus, our country is immediately close to the average of European countries with a level of revenues relative to GDP of 2,4% in 2018 and 2,6% in 2019.

Revenues from environmental taxes at the European level

% of GDP

